

# ELECTROMAGNETIC FLOW METER AFLOWT MF

Modification "Lite M"

# OPERATION MANUAL PART II



ISO 9001:2008



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This document covers "AFLOWT MF" Electromagnetic Flow meter, "Lite M" modification, hereinafter referred to as the flow meter and is intended as a guide for its proper use.

Due to continuous improvement of product policy actual flow meter's specifications may differ from the data specified in this manual. However, this will not affect the metrological characteristics and functionality.

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

- ER Error
- PC Personal Computer

## **1. CONTROLLING THE FLOW METER**

1.1. The flow meter can be controlled from a personal computer (PC) via serial USB or RS-485 ports (Fig.1).

Control options available for the user depend on the actual mode of operation.



Personal computer

#### Fig.1. AFLOWT MF control devices

1.2. The flow meter operates in three modes:

- Verification adjustment and verification
- Service start-up procedures
- Work normal operation (user) mode.

Operating modes are set by placing (removing) jumpers on two terminals located on the board of the Processor Module. Combinations of jumpers with regard to operating modes are specified in Table 1 ("+" means that the terminal contacts are closed by a jumper, and "-" means that the terminal contacts are opened).

Та	b	е	1

Mada	Tern	ninal	Mada description	
INIOUE	J3	J4		
Verification	-	+	Adjustment and verification	
Service	+	-	Preparing for operation	
Work	+	+	Operation	

- 1.3. In different operating modes the user can modify different settings. Settings are recorded programmatically with use of USB-MF Adaptors or via RS-485 port.
- 1.4. In the "Verification" mode, all of the settings are available for modification. Manufacturer's adjustment and after-calibration adjustment are made in this mode.
- 1.5. In the Service mode the user can modify:
  - Flow cutoffs
  - Settings for the flow rate signal filter and automatic flow rate setup module
  - Settings and operating modes of the universal outputs
  - Display settings.
- 1.6. In the Work mode only the display settings can be modified: set of parameters to be displayed, time for one parameter to be displayed, measurement units, and display cutoffs.

Configuring the settings in the "Service" and "Work" modes does not affect flow meter's measurement accuracy and may be performed on-site, if necessary. In the "Service" and "Work" modes, adjustment and calibration settings are inaccessible.

1.7. To control the flow meter from a PC, the user needs to install "UBViewer ModBus" software containing a package of flow meter monitor programs, including "Viewer Aflowt MF" (modification "Lite M") monitor among them.

# 2. CONFIGURING BEFORE WORK

## 2.1. Configuring data exchange with PC

2.1.1. Running "Viewer Aflowt MF" (modification "Lite M") program tool

When using the RS-485 interface established on a payment of the module of interfaces, the flow meter is connected to the PC COM port via standard RS-485/RS-232 converter.

USB-MF connection (optional) is made via standard USB port of the personal computer.

NOTE. The USB-MF Adaptor can be used after installing the Adaptor driver from a CD provided in the delivery package and configuring a virtual COM port on a PC.

Launch "UBViewer ModBus" program on a PC. In the window shown in Fig.2 select **Project \Open** option and run "Viewer Aflowt MF" program file (Viewer below).

🗣 UBV	'iewer Mod	Bus -					
Project	Connection	Diagrams	Archives	Service	View	Help	

#### Fig.2. UBViewer ModBus window

The main Viewer window containing tabs with measurement parameters and settings is shown in Fig.3.

🔄 Viewer Aflowt MF (mo	odification "Lite M") v.1.0			
A 4				
Measures Flow measurem	nent settings Periphery settir	ngs   Display se	ttings Checking information Prog	gram parameters
Start reading	Stop read	ling	Device status	
Serial number	0 Diametr, mm	40	Errors: Working mode without i	nitialization
Current flow	0,000 , I/min 0,000	) , m3/h	Q > Qmax Wrong KP2 Wrong KP1	
Device work time, h	0,00	<u> </u>	Memory error	
Total volume, m3	0,000000		Low supply voltage	
Direct volume, m3	0,000000		Device status pa	rameters:
Reverse volume, m3	0,000000		Initialization	III NO III
			Firmware checksum	0x0
Frequency output 1, Hz	0,000		Parameters checksum	0x0
Frequency output 2, Hz	0,000		Mode	Service
			Flow direction	Direct
			Inertial flow direction	Direct
			Current flow range	Low
			External Modbus address	No 0

Fig.3. Main window of Viewer Aflowt MF (modification "Lite M")

#### 2.1.2. Configuring Viewer communication parameters

Click on **Program parameters** tab in the Viewer main window. In the **Parameters** panel (Fig.4) type in an address assigned to the flow meter in the **Address** field (an integer number from 1 to 247). The number is read automatically.

Connection setup
1 1000 2

#### Fig.4 "Program parameters" tab

By default, the address is set to 1.

It is strongly recommended that other configuration settings are changed only by competent users.

#### 2.1.3. Configuring PC COM port

Click on **<Connection setup>** button (Fig.4) and select the required options in the **Options manager** window (Fig.5):

- Choice of the transport type of interface RS-485
- Serial port number of COM port in use
- Baud rate, bps default value is 19200 bps.

Options manager			×
Choice of the transport:	RS485	•	
Transport parameters			
Serial port	сом 9 👻	Answer timeout, ms	1000
Baudrate, bps	19200 🔽	Number of retries	1
Stream Control	No	Byte timeout, ms	20
🖵 Use DCOM			
Remote computer name:			
1	ПК	Annlu	Cancel

#### Fig.5. "Options manager" window

Click <**OK**> to save changes.

#### 2.1.4. Establishing connection with the flow meter

To establish connection between the flow meter and PC, click on **<Connect/Disconnect>** button in the **Program parameters** window (Fig.3) or on button on the toolbar of the Viewer main window. As soon as the connection has been successfully established, Viewer status line displays messages shown in Fig.6.a.



a) Status line in case of successful connection



b) Status line containing "connection error" messages

#### Fig.6. Viewer status line

If the connection fails, the program issues messages shown in Fig. 6.b.

In this case, click on **<Connect/Disconnect>** button once again (to close data link), check wiring and contacts between the flow meter and PC and check the communication settings. Primary consideration should be given to the parameters: **Address**, **Choice of transport**, **Serial port**, and **Baud rate**.

After the corrections have been made, repeat actions described in section 2.1.

## 2.2. Reading and recording settings

- 2.2.1. As soon as the connection between the flow meter and PC is established, buttons that allow the user to read measurement and configuration settings become active in all tabs in the Viewer main window: <**Start reading**> and <**Read all**>. When the corresponding button is pressed, the values displayed in the associated tab are updated.
- 2.2.2. To modify any of the settings, enter a new value and click on 🛃 or <**Write**> buttons.

NOTE. It is recommended to enable "read" command immediately after the modification to check entered values for correctness.

## 2.3. Adjusting flow rate measurement settings

2.3.1. Flow measurements settings tab is located in the Viewer main window (Fig.7).

Flow measurements se	ttings	
Filter setting	0	4
Dead zone for flow, %Qm	nax	
On falling flow 0,0	On rising flow	له 0,0
Algorithm of flow fast sett	ing	
Fast setting	On	4
Threshold, %Qmax	5	
Minimum flow, %Qmax	0,0	<u>ل</u> ه
Response time, sec	0,5	

#### Fig.7. "Flow measurement settings" window

- 2.3.2. "Filter settings" panel
  - **Filter settings** determines response time (transient time) for signals on the flow meter's output. Options available are specified in Table 2.
- 2.3.3. "Dead zone for flow, %Qmax" panel
  - On falling flow (On rising flow) options are meant for threshold values of flow rate, below which (on increasing or decreasing the flow rate value respectively) totalizing of volume and pulse transmission to the universal output are stopped. The flow rate value is displayed as zero. Alarm situations are not detected.

For the reverse (bidirectional) flow, the thresholds (cutoffs) are active for both positive and negative flow directions. The flow direction signal also changes according to the preset cutoffs.

For each cutoff, the default value is set as 0.001 Qmax specified for a certain DN.

#### 2.3.4. "Algorithm of flow fast setting" panel

These settings make it possible to control the fast flow rate adjustment algorithm.

- Fast setting turns the flow fast setting function on/off
- Threshold, %Qmax difference of flow rates (expressed in percent of maximal flow rate value) indicating that the algorithm of flow fast setting should be activated
- Minimum flow, %Qmax flow rate value (expressed in percent of maximal value) above which the algorithm of flow fast setting is activated
- Response time, sec time of actuating the algorithm. The response time is specified in conventional units (1 unit is related to 0.1 s).

By default, the value of filter constant is set to 6, and the Automatic flow rate setup function is enabled with standard settings. Time of response of the flow meter to changes in flow rate with respect to other settings is given in Table 2 (for reference purpose).

#### Table 2

Constant of	Time of fixing flow rate value, s			
Flow Rate Signal filter	Automatic setup function is on	Automatic setup function is off		
0	1	1.5		
1	2	3		
2	3	6		
3	5	12		
4	6	24		
5	6	48		
6	6	96		
7	7	192		
8	8	384		

#### 2.3.5. "Empty pipe detection settings" panel

If the flow meter is expected to work with liquids having other electrical conductivity than mains water, it is recommended to carry out correction of **Empty pipe** threshold according to the following procedure:

- Make sure that the pipeline is fully filled with liquid under control
- In the **Empty pipe detection settings** tab (see Fig.8), take the value of **Reference EP code** setting expressed in conventional units (e.g., 75) and the value of **Current EP code** setting also expressed in conventional units (e.g., 25).

Empty pipe detection settings			
Empty pipe detection	Off 🚽 🚽		
Threshold, %	50		
Current EP code	25		
EP calibration	<b>▼</b>		
Reference EP code	75		

#### Fig.8. "Empty pipe detection settings" tab

- Calculate a new threshold value for the liquid under control by the formula:

$$N = \frac{K_{cur} + 0.5 \cdot (K_{ref} - K_{cur})}{K_{ref}} \cdot 100\%,$$

Where N – new threshold value associated with a signal in empty pipe in percent

 $K_{\text{ref}}$  – reference (calibration) value of sounding signal displayed in  $\ensuremath{\text{Reference EP code}}$  field

 $K_{\text{cur}}$  – current (measurement) threshold value displayed in  $\ensuremath{\textbf{Current}}$  EP code field

- Enter the new threshold "empty pipe" value in **Threshold**, % field.

## 2.4. Adjusting settings for universal outputs

2.4.1. Settings of universal outputs are located in **Periphery settings** tab (**Universal outputs** panel) in Viewer main window (Fig.9).

sal output 2 Test U/O	
Coefficient KP, p/I Maximum frequency, Hz Param ⓒ Modulo flow ⓒ Direct flow ⓒ Reverse flow	40,0000
	sal output 2 Test U/O Coefficient KP, p/I Maximum frequency, Hz Param Modulo flow Direct flow Reverse flow

#### Fig.9. "Universal outputs" panel

**Universal output 1** and **Universal output 2** tabs have the same structure. They are used to configure universal output N1 and N2 respectively.

2.4.2. The output mode (**Frequency**, **Pulse**, or **Logic**) is selected in **Output type** panel. With a radio button select the mode and confirm it by clicking **<Write>**.

The parameters located to the right of **Output type** panel are changed in accordance with the selected mode.

#### 2.4.3. Frequency mode (**Output type – Frequency**)

In the frequency mode, the universal output transmits a pulse sequence of meander type with period-to-pulse duration ratio of 2 and standard pulse weight. Pulse repetition rate is proportional to average volumetric flow rate measured over previous 80 ms. Maximal frequency is 500 Hz.

The parameters to be specified: **Coefficient KP** (**p/I**), **Maximum frequency** (**Frequency** panel) and **Activity level**.

 Coefficient KP. By default, universal output N1 is set to the frequency mode and Coefficient KP value is set as per Appendix A.

**Coefficient KP** determines pulse weight in the frequency mode (selectable within 0.0001 to 9999 p/l range).

To determine **Coefficient KP** having regard to the maximal flow rate in the pipeline under control and frequency characteristics of the input receiving the pulse signal, the following formula may be used:

$$Coefficient \, KP \, [p/l] \le \frac{3.6 \cdot F}{Q_{max}} = \frac{1.8 \cdot 10^3}{Q_{max} \cdot \tau_i}$$

Where  $Q_{max}$  – maximal flow rate in the pipeline, m<sup>3</sup>/h

 ${\sf F}-{\sf maximum}$  flow meter's pulse repetition rate permissible for a receiving input, Hz

 $\tau_i$  = 0.5·Ti – minimal flow meter's pulse duration permissible for a receiving input, ms

 $T_i$  – pulse repetition period for the pulses on the flow meter's output, ms.

How to set functions of the outputs in the frequency mode is shown in Table 3.

#### Table 3

Operating mode	Flow	Condition for generating signal /
of the output	to be controlled	changing logic state
	Modulo flow	Flow rate for any flow direction
Frequency	Direct flow	Flow rate for forward (positive) flow direction
	Reverse flow	Flow rate for reverse (negative) flow direction

- Modulo flow pulse sequence with pulse repetition rate proportional to the measured flow rate value is generated on the output irrespective of flow direction
- Direct flow pulse sequence with pulse repetition rate proportional to the measured flow rate value is generated on the output only for forward flow
- Reverse flow pulse sequence with pulse repetition rate proportional to the measured flow rate value is generated on the output only for reverse flow.

**Maximum frequency** – frequency associated with maximal flow rate in the pipeline. When signal frequency exceeds **Maximum frequency** value, the flow meter detects an alarm situation associated with incorrect value of output scaling constant specified for this output.

**Activity level** – signal level (**High** or **Low**) related to the presence of pulse. Description of signal levels and the corresponding electrical values are given in Appendix C, part I of this manual.

#### 2.4.4. Pulse mode (Output type – Pulse)

In the pulse mode, the universal outputs also transmit a pulse sequence of meander type with period-to-pulse duration ratio of 2 and standard pulse weight.

The pulse mode means that a burst of pulses is generated on the output within a second, and the number of pulses in the burst (considering pulse weight) corresponds to the flow volume measured over a previous second. In analogy to the frequency mode, maximal pulse repetition rate is 500Hz.

The outputs can be configured for operation in the pulse mode in the **Pulse** tab (Fig.10).

Universal outputs					
Universal output 1	Universal output 2 Test U/O				
Output type	ଞ୍ଚୁ Coefficient KP, p/l	40,0000			
C Logic Pulse	Pulse period, ms	2			
C Frequency	C Frequency Maximum frequency, Hz 500,000				
Activity level	Param     Modulo volume				
C Direct volume					
Write	C Reverse volume				

#### Fig.10. "Pulse" tab

The parameters to be specified: **Pulse period**, **Coefficient KP** (can be calculated according to the formula given for the frequency mode) and **Activity level**.

 Pulse period – pulse repetition period in a burst; selectable within (2 to 1000ms) range which corresponds to (500 to1 Hz) repetition rate

How to set functions of the outputs in the pulse mode is shown in Table 4.

#### Table 4

Operating mode	Flow	Condition for generating signal /	
of the output	to be controlled	changing logic state	
	Modulo volume	Volume for any flow direction	
Pulse	Direct volume	Volume for direct flow	
	Reverse volume	Volume for reverse flow	

- Modulo volume pulses in a number proportional to the measured value of volume are generated on the output irrespective of flow direction
- Direct volume pulses in a number proportional to the measured value of volume are generated on the output only for forward flow
- **Reverse volume** pulses in a number proportional to the measured value of volume are generated on the output only for reverse flow.

#### 2.4.5. Logic mode (Output type – Logic)

In the logic mode, one signal level corresponds to "event" (or its state) and the other level corresponds to "no event" (or another state).

The outputs can be configured for operation in the logic mode in the **Logic** tab (Fig.11).

The settings include selection of the mode and Activity level.

Universal outputs Universal output 1 Output type C Off	Universal output 2 Test U/0
Logic     Pulse     Frequency     Activity level     "Low"     Current units	C Q > Qmax C Any error C Empty pipe C Reverse inert. flow
Write	T inert. flow, min

#### Fig.11. "Logic" tab

How to set functions of the outputs in the logic mode is shown in Table 5.

#### Table 5

Operating mode	Flow	Condition for generating signal /		
of the output	to be controlled	changing logic state		
	Reverse flow	Flow direction is changed		
	Q > Qmax	Q <sub>max</sub> is exceeded		
	Any error	Any error detected by the flow meter		
	Power ("High level")	Interruption of power supply		
209.0	Empty pipe	Value of resistance exceeds the threshold specified for the pipe filled with liquid		
	Reverse inert. flow	Flow direction is changed considering the lag (iner- tia) time		

- Reverse flow on changing flow direction, signal level on the output is changed without a lag
- Q > Qmax signal level on the output is changed if the actual value of flow rate exceeds Q<sub>max</sub> for a given DN
- Any error signal level on the output is changed in case of any alarm situation detected by the flow meter
- Power ("High level") if the flow meter is powered, signal level on the output is High, if power supply voltage drops below the threshold, output signal is absent
- Empty pipe signal level on the output is changed if "Pipeline filling" function is activated and "partially empty pipe" condition is met
- Reverse inert. flow signal level on the output is changed if the period of changing flow direction exceeds the preset lag (inertia) time; T inert. flow value can be set within (0 to 60) min range; Activity level value relates to direct flow.
- 2.4.6. Testing universal outputs

The universal outputs can be tested in the frequency mode. To select test settings, open **Universal outputs** window, and then **Test U/O** tab (Fig.12).

Universal outputs
Universal output 1 Universal output 2 Test U/0
Test of universal outputs in frequency mode
Test Off 🗨 📣 F1, Hz 0,0
F2, Hz 0,0

## Fig.12. "Test U/O" tab

Test frequency **F1** and **F2** shall not exceed 500Hz for both outputs.

Start testing (**Test On**) by clicking on  $\checkmark$  button, and then measure frequency of signals on the universal outputs with a frequency meter.

NOTE. To ensure that frequency measurements are correct, it is necessary to set SK1 and SK2 switches on the Processor module to the active mode of operation (see section 1.4.3.2, part I of this manual).

# 2.5. Quickly configuration of Coefficient KP universal output N1

By default, universal output N2 is set to the modes with the settings listed in Appendix A.

**CAUTION!** The flow meters with reverse flow function measure flow rate and calculate volume for both forward and reverse flows without considering lag (inertia) time.

J1 and J2 terminals make it possible to quickly configure universal output N1 in the frequency mode. The terminals allow the user to quickly set **Coefficient KP** to a required value. This is done in the Service mode with regard to DN of the flow meter.

**CAUTION!** By default, **Coefficient KP** is set to a value associated with flow velocity of 5 m/s.

**Coefficient KP** is set by placing (removing) jumpers between J1 and J2 terminals located on the Processor module. Combinations of jumpers with regard to the value of output scaling constant are specified in Table 6 ("+" means that the terminal contacts are closed by a jumper, and "-" means that the terminal contacts are opened). The preset value of scaling constant is overwritten with a new value associated with the new combination of terminal contacts. The scaling constant can be set programmatically (via interface) to any required value without using jumpers for both universal outputs N1 and N2.

**CAUTION! Coefficient KP** value cannot be changed in the Work mode!

Terminals		Scaling constant for universal output N1		
J1	J2			
-	-	Can be set via interface		
+	-	see table 7		
-	+	see table 8		
+	+	see table 9		

#### Table 6

Table 7

DN, mm	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	150	200	300
Fmax, Hz						10					
Coefficient KP, p/l	5	3,2	2	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.32	0.2	0.08	0.05	0.02
Table 8											
DN, mm	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	150	200	300
Fmax, Hz						100					
Coefficient KP, p/l	50	32	20	12.5	8	5	3,2	2	0.8	0.5	0.2
Table 9											
DN, mm	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	150	200	300
Fmax, Hz						500					
Coefficient KP, p/l	250	160	100	65	40	25	16	10	4	2.5	1

## 2.6. Connecting flow meters in a network

To configure the flow meter for work in a group of several end users, select the following options from **Interface settings** panel (**Periphery settings** tab, see Fig.13):

- ◆ Address an integer number from 1 to 247
- RTS delay delay of response via RS-interface, ms
- Baud rate rate of data exchange in the network (default value 19200 baud)
- ♦ Byte pause byte timeout, ms
- Protocol network protocol (RTU ModBus by default).

Interface setting	s
Address	1
RTS delay, ms	10
Baud rate	19200 💌
Byte pause, ms	4
Protocol	RTU ModBus 💌 📕
Reset interface	e settings to default values

#### Fig.13. "Interface settings" tab

<Reset interface settings to default values> button sets the flow meter to factory-installed data exchange settings.

# **3. OPERATION PROCEDURE**

## 3.1. Displaying measured values

- 3.1.1. After putting into operation, the flow meter works in the automatic mode. Currently measured values are displayed in **Current values** panel of **Measurement** tab of the Viewer main window.
- 3.1.2. Immediately after launching the Viewer Aflowt MF program (see section 2.1), the fields of **Measurement** tab contain zeroes (Fig.14).

Serial number	0	Diametr, mm	40		
Current values					
Current flow	0,000	, I/min 0,000	, m3/h		
Device work time, h		0,00			
Total volume, m3		0,000000			
Direct volume, m3		0,000000			
Reverse volume, m3		0,000000			
Frequency output 1, H	łz	0,000			
Frequency output 2, H	łz	0,000			

#### Fig.14. Part of "Measurement" tab

Clicking on <Start reading> button enables readings to be displayed.

3.1.3. Measurement results displayed in **Current values** fields are shown in Fig.15.

Serial number	1254217	Diametr, mm	50
Current values			
Current flow	2,058	, I/min 0,123	, m3/h
Device work time, h		34,26	
Total volume, m3		18,644097	
Direct volume, m3		18,670066	
Reverse volume, m3		0,025969	
Frequency output 1, F	łz	1,382	
Frequency output 2, H	łz	0,000	

#### Fig.15. Measurement results

3.1.4. The following flow rate parameters are measured:

- **Current flow** volumetric flow rate for any flow direction (l/min, m<sup>3</sup>/h)
- Total volume algebraic sum (considering the sign) of volume of forward and reverse flows (m<sup>3</sup>)
- Direct volume total volume of direct flow (totalized with "plus" sign) (M<sup>3</sup>)
- Reverse volume total volume of reverse flow (totalized with "minus" sign) (m<sup>3</sup>).

In addition, **Current values** panel displays the values of **Device work time** (h) and frequency of signals on the universal outputs: Frequency output 1 (2), Hz.

3.1.5. Device status parameters panel is shown in Fig.16.

Device status par	rameters:
Initialization	OK
Firmware checksum	0xCA83
Parameters checksum	0xC975
Mode	Service
Flow direction	Direct
Inertial flow direction	Direct
Current flow range	Low
External Modbus address	No 0

#### Fig.16. Indication of status

- 3.1.6. Device status parameters are as follows:
  - Initialization indicates the state of flow meter's units, in case of displaying a symbol different from OK, the flow meter shall be sent for repair
  - Firmware checksum check sum of flow meter's firmware (CSD)
  - Parameters checksum check sum of flow meter base of settings
  - Mode indicates the currently active mode; Work is the mode of normal operation
  - Flow direction direction of the flow in the pipeline
  - Inertial flow direction direction of the flow in the pipeline considering the lag (inertia) time (see section 2.4.5.)
  - Current flow range range of operation (High, Medium or Low)
  - External Modbus address indicates flow meter's external network address (if specified).

## 3.2. Display settings

3.2.1. In Aflowt MF-5X0X flow meters, parameters to be displayed are configured in **Display settings** tab shown in Fig.17.

Read all Write all		
Parameters for indication on the display	Display settings	
Current flow	Indication period, s Display's cutoff, %Qmax	3 0,0
© m3/h	Contrast	32
✓ Total volume         ✓ Direct volume         ✓ Reverse volume         ✓ Nolume dimension         • m3         • I		
<ul> <li>Device work time</li> <li>Calibration coefficients K, P</li> <li>Conversion coefficients for universal outputs KP1, KP2</li> <li>Checksum of firmware and base of parameters</li> </ul>		

#### Fig.17. Display settings

Parameters to be displayed / hidden are selected by marking/unmarking the checkboxes located next to the corresponding options in **Parameters for indication on the display** panel. In **Display settings** panel, type in required values and click on **<Write all>** button.

#### 3.2.2. Parameters for indication on the display

The following parameters can be displayed:

- Current flow actual value of flow rate; measurement units are selected between l/min and m<sup>3</sup>/h
- Total volume totalized volume
- Direct volume volume of direct flow

• **Reverse volume** – volume of reverse flow

Volume measurement units are selected between I and m<sup>3</sup>.

- **Device work time** total work time
- Calibration coefficients K, P metrological factors K and P; only coefficients for the active measurement range are displayed
- Conversion coefficients for universal outputs KP1, KP2 Coefficient KP parameter is displayed for universal outputs N1 and N2
- Checksum of firmware and base of parameters checksums of firmware and settings.

#### 3.2.3. Display settings parameters:

- Indication period measured parameters are cyclically displayed in turn, time of indication of one parameter is selected from 1 to 100 s
- Display's cutoff, %Qmax threshold (expressed in percent of maximal flow rate) below which measured flow rate values are displayed as zeroes, while calculation of volume and generation of output pulse sequence are being continued
- Contrast display contrast adjustment (selectable within 8 to 40 conventional units).

## 3.3. Checking flow meter's operation

- 3.3.1. The purpose of **Checking information** tab in the Viewer main window is to check metrological parameters of the flow meter and its functioning in real time.
- 3.3.2. The panel with check data is shown in Fig.18.

Serial number 1254217 Diametr (DN), mm 50									
Range limits, %Qmax           0,00         100,00         100,00         100,00         100,00									
Low flow	Medium flow	High flow							
K0+ 0,350000	K1+ 0,350000	K2+ 0,350000							
P0+ 0,000000	P1+ 0,000000	P2+ 0,000000							
K0- 0,350000	K1- 0,350000	K2- 0,350000							
P0- 0,000000	P1- 0,000000	P2- 0,000000							
Information about user action									
Number of transfers to the mode "Service"									
Number of transfers to the mode "Verification"									
Number of records in the log of service parameters									
Number of records in the log of verification parameters 15									
Firmware information									
Checksum of an executed code (CRC16) 0xDE75									

Fig.18. "Checking information" panel

- 3.3.3. The parameters combined under **Range limits**, **%Qmax** name show the ranges of flow rate (in percent of maximal value) for which **K** and **P** metrological coefficients displayed in **Low flow**, **Middle flow** and **High flow** are actual.
- 3.3.4. **Information about user action** group informs the users how many times the flow meter has been set to the Service and Verification modes and how many changes have been made in Service and Verification logs.
- 3.3.5. Checksum of an executed code (CRC16) field displays flow meter's firmware checksum.
- 3.3.6. Fig. 19 shows the tab with diagnostic parameters that are used by service specialists.

Standard reference						
Reference	1762378					
Zero shift	-131					
Measure refere	ence					
Reference	1756390					
Zero shift	48					
Coil resistance	,					
R initial, Om	29,4					
R current, Om	31,6					

Fig.19. Diagnostic parameters

# 4. TROUBLESHOOTING

4.1. Alarm (error) situations (ER) are displayed in **Device status** panel (**Measures** tab), see Fig.20.



#### Fig.20. Displaying errors

4.2. ER situation is indicated with ● symbol (red circle) adjacent to the corresponding error in **Errors** panel.

In MF-5X0X flow meters, errors are also displayed in the form of alpha or numeric messages.

Table 10 contains the list of alarm situations.

Table 10	
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Туре	of indication						
On flow meter display	On PC display	Explanation					
! E	Empty pipe	Value of resistance exceeds the specified "empty pipe" value					
! M	Memory error	EEPROM memory error					
! 1	Wrong KP1	Incorrect value of <b>Coefficient KP</b> specified for output 1					
! 2	Wrong KP2	Incorrect value of <b>Coefficient KP</b> specified for output 2					
10	Input signal	Amplifier gain exceeds the threshold					
10	overflow						
! Q	Q>Qmax	Actual value of flow rate exceeds <b>Qmax</b> for a given DN					
! R	Incorrect reference	No data about reference resistance, hardware failure					
	Working mode	Software failure					
!	without						
	initialization						
ID	Low supply	Power supply voltage is below threshold					
: F	voltage						

4.3. On displaying **! R**, **! M** or **! I** symbols on flow meter screen or **Incorrect reference**, **Memory error**, or **Working mode without initialization** messages on PC monitor, the flow meter shall be sent for repair.

- 4.4. If other error symbols are indicated or no measurement data is displayed, check the following:
  - Power supply voltage is applied to the flow meter and secondary power source (if applicable) and conforms to the specifications
  - Power circuits are reliably connected
  - Liquid is present and running through the pipeline

- Air is not collected in the flow meter's location
- Ambient temperature in the flow meter's location meets the requirements
- Values of **Coefficient KP**, flow rate cutoffs and other settings are correctly specified. Reconfigure the flow meter if necessary.

In case that all of the requirements listed above are met contact the service center (regional dealer) or manufacturer for the information about the device's operability.

NOTE. Under **Memory error** conditions, measurements of flow rate and calculations of volume are being continued. In such a situation it becomes impossible to modify flow meter's settings recorded into the Service log.

- 4.5. If liquid under control flows through the flow meter but the value of measured liquid volume as well as frequency or pulse signal on the output remain the same, check the correspondence between the operation modes of the flow meter's output and the receiving input (see section 2.3.2, part I of this manual).
- 4.6. "AFLOWT MF" flow meter shall be repaired by authorized dealers or by the manufacturer.

### **APPENDIX A. Standard values for configuration settings**

#### Table A.1

	Unidirection	al flow meter	Bidirectional flow meter			
Parameter	Univ. output N1 ( <b>XT2</b> )	Univ. output N2 ( <b>XT1</b> )	Univ. output N1 ( <b>XT2</b> )	Univ. output N2 ( <b>XT1</b> ) *		
1. Operating mode	Frequency	Frequency	Frequency	Logical		
2. Application	Forward flow rate	Reverse flow direction	Flow rate (absolute value)	Flow direction used for heat account- ing		
3. Scaling factor	as per Table A.2	as per Table A.3	as per Table A.2			
4. Minimal flow rate cutoffs	0.001 · Q <sub>max</sub>	0.001 · Q <sub>max</sub>	0.001·Q <sub>max</sub>			
5. Maximal frequency	100 Hz (at 0.5·Q <sub>max</sub> )***	500 Hz (at Q <sub>max</sub> )	100 Hz (at 0.5·Q <sub>max</sub> )***			
6. Signal level	L	ow	Low	Low **		
7. Lag (inertia) time			10min			
8. Output mode	Ac	tive	Active			

- \* With standard values of configuration settings universal output N2 (for reverse flow) can be used for connection to the logical input of a heat calculating device configured to receive reverse signal
- \*\* For direct flow
- \*\*\* Maximal value of output frequency on universal output N1 for default scaling factors is determined at the flow rate value equal to half of maximal flow rate (see table 1, part I of this manual). When the value of flow rate exceeds the preset threshold, the flow meter generates alarm signal **Wrong KP1** (! 1).

#### Table A.2. Standard Coefficient KP values for universal output N1

DN, mm	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	150	200	300
Fmax, Hz						100					
Coefficient KP p/l	50	32	20	12.5	8	5	3.2	2	0.8	0.5	0.2

#### Table A.3. Standard Coefficient KP values for universal output N2

DN, mm	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	150	200	300
Fmax, Hz	500										
Coefficient KP p/l	125	80	50	32.5	20	12.5	8	5	2	1.25	0.5

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